#### **Todays's Topics**

#### Social Institutions



Society: collection of *interdependent* people: share a common goal most basic level, **survival**. (Remember: *we are social creatures*.)

Fundamental task of any society is to survive as a collectivity.

What do we need for a society to survive?

#### What do we need for a society to survive?

Think-Pair-Share

In groups of 2 or 3, make a list of 3 "things" a society needs to survive.

**Basic Survival Needs of a Society** 

*Produce and distribute* goods and services necessary for survival.

*Replace* those that die (bring new people into the society - we are not immortal).

*Care* for people who cannot take care of themselves.

*Train* people to produce the goods and services necessary for survival.

*Establish rules* (laws) and rewards and punishments to ensure cooperation.

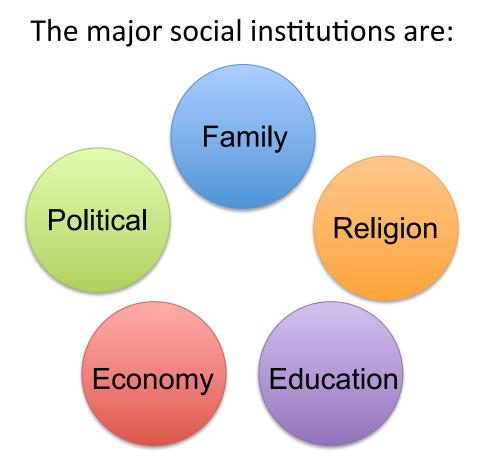
*Provide answers* to philosophical and ethical questions, to *provide motivation* to live together harmoniously.

Society organizes the accomplishment of these activities.

This organization of society is what we call social institutions:

a widely agreed upon (understood) set of practices that a group of people develops in order to live together that <u>gets something done that needs to be done for social</u> <u>survival.</u>

(it's what a society DOES to survive)



Social institutions are the building blocks of society.

#### **Societal Needs**

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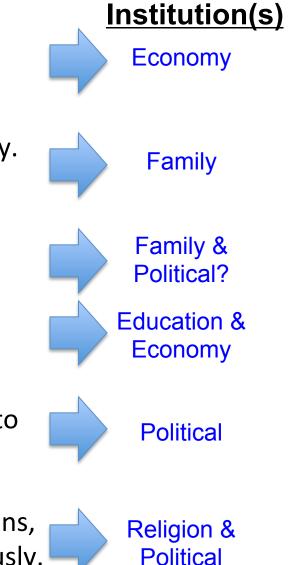
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*Provide answers* to philosophical and ethical questions, to *provide motivation* to live together harmoniously.



Additional interesting ideas about social institutions & practices:

•Societal institutions persist over time, yet are dynamic: institutions are always changing.

•Include rules for sanctioning people who don't follow the practices,

•Constrain some people and offer opportunities to others (they impact people's lives in different ways),

• Disagreement among members of the group about the practices,

•Institutions can create and maintain inequality.

And finally,

Institutions are interdependent:

That is, changes in one institution can and usually will create changes in other institutions.



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QPKKQnijnsM

## Summary of Key Points

#### What is a Society ?

- collection of *interdependent* people:
- share a common goal—
- most basic level => **survival**.

# Societal Institutions Economy Education Family Political Religion

#### **Societal Institutions**

- Building blocks of society
- Institutions are interdependent
- Institutions & interdependence change with time (and region?)

Static or Dynamic?

Major Trends?

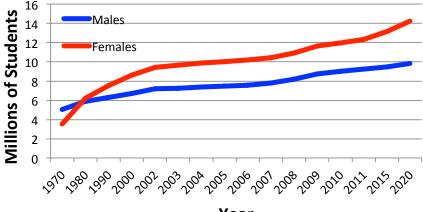
**Driving Factors?** 

Static or Dynamic?

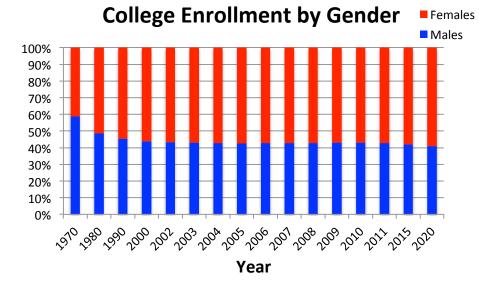
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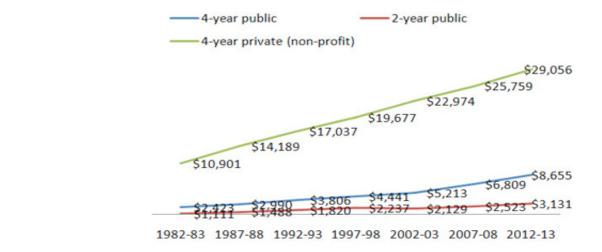
Year



Data : Digest of Education Statistics

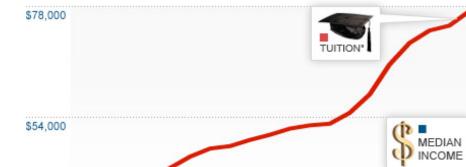
Static or Dynamic?

#### **Annual Tuition Rates**



Major Trends?

**Driving Factors?** 



\$6,500

\$4,500

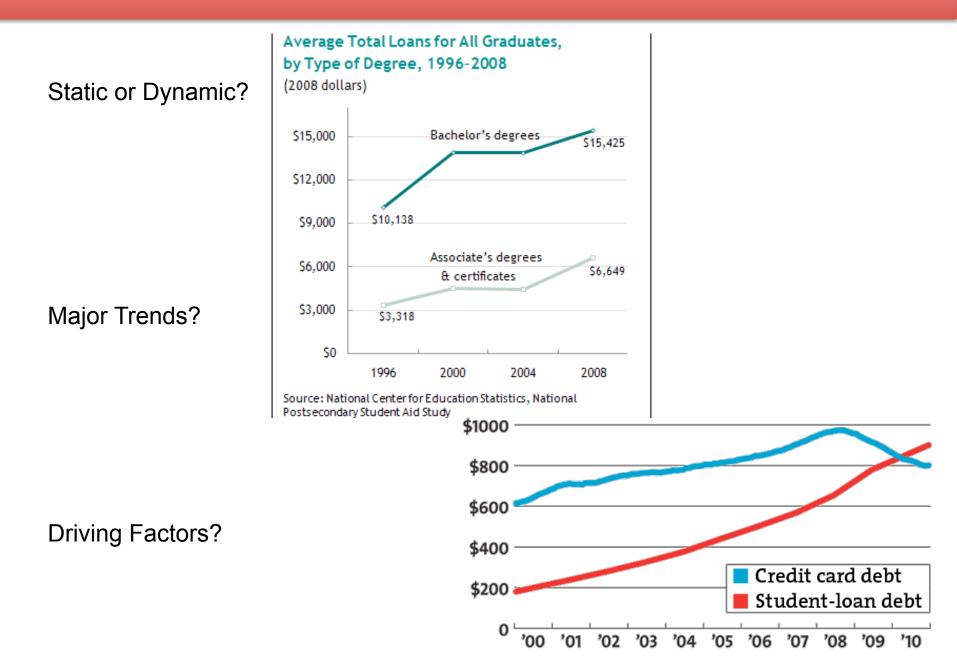
\$2,500

2008

AMERICAN INCOMES CAN'T KEEP UP WITH TUITION HIKES

\$30,000 1988

\*TUITION AND FEES AT 4-YEAR PUBLIC COLLEGE. SOURCE: IRS AND COLLEGE BOARD DATA, ADJUSTED TO 2008 DOLLARS



Static or Dynamic?

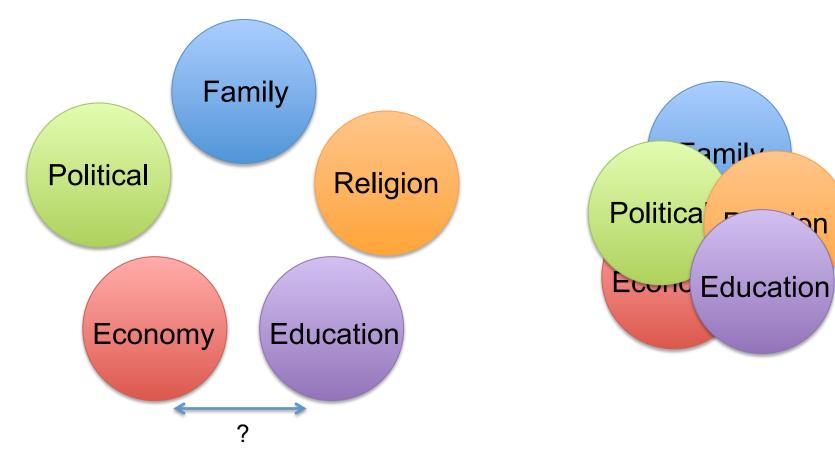
Major Trends?

**Driving Factors?** 

Gender Trends

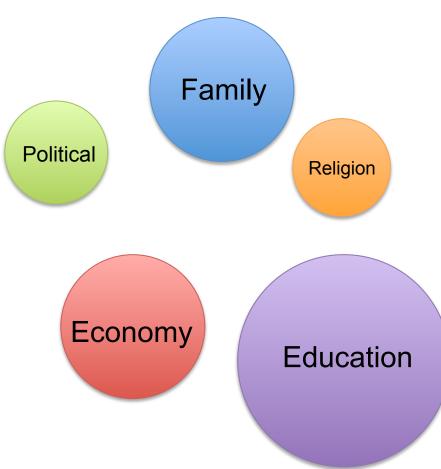
**Tuition/Student Debt Trends** 

## Social Institutions: Interdependence



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## Social Institutions: Interdependence



Which of the Social Institutions is the most and least important to you?

Create a list of at least 5 interactions between the various Social Institutions in your own life. Philosophies for a Good Society

- A Emphasis on individual initiative Gov't causes more problems than is solves "Pull yourself up by your bootstraps"
- Emphasis on collective or group initiative
  Gov't can solve many problems that individuals cannot
  "We are all in this thing together"

Which "Good Society" model do you favor?

Why?

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#### **Societal Institutions**



#### **Societal Institutions**

- Building blocks of society
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- Institutions & interdependence change with time (and region?)