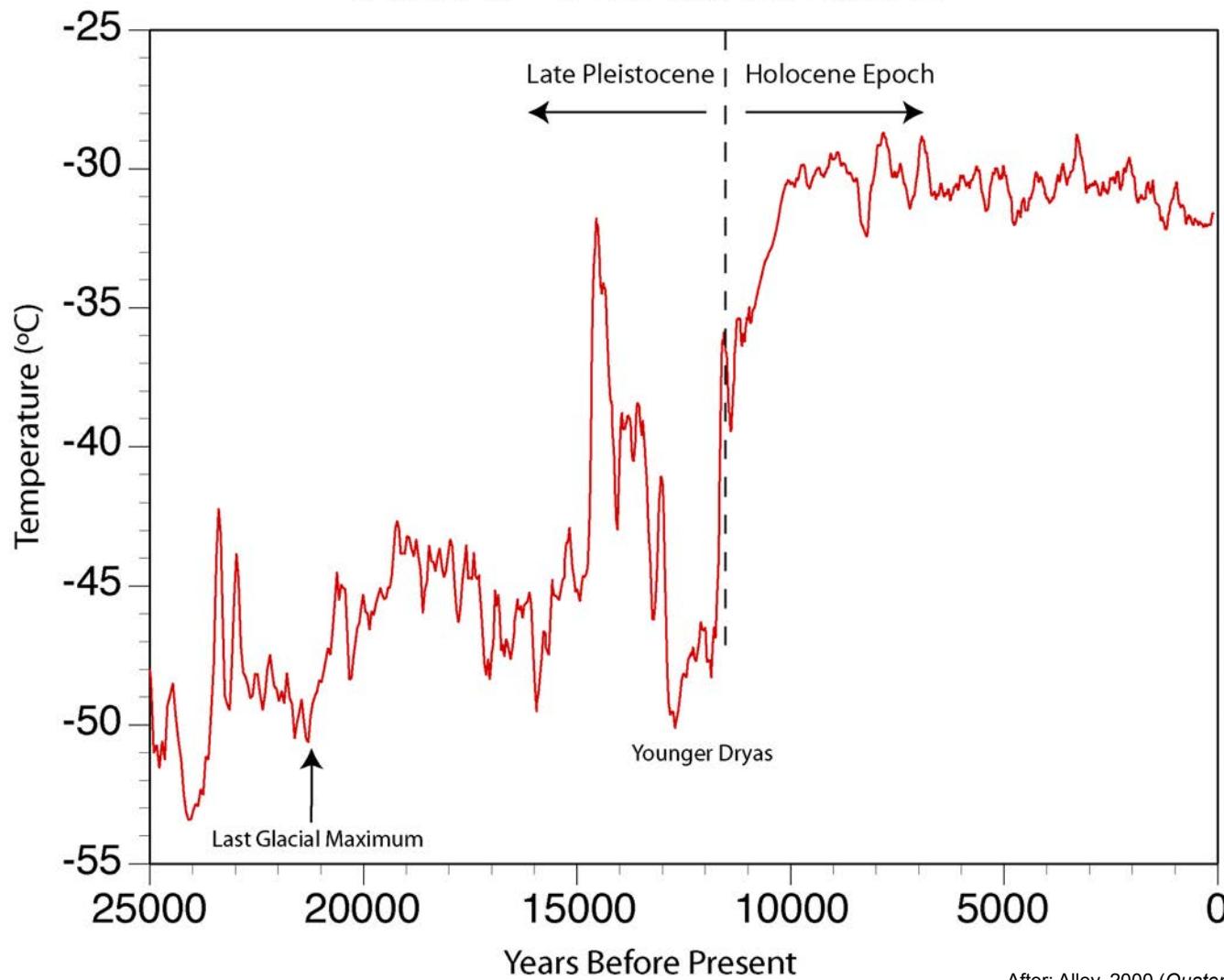


A detailed satellite photograph of Earth's Northern Hemisphere, showing the Atlantic Ocean, Europe, and parts of Africa. The image highlights cloud formations, land outlines, and the intricate patterns of ocean currents.

Global Warming: Hurricanes

Holocene Paleoclimate

Central Greenland: GISP2



What is a tropical cyclone?

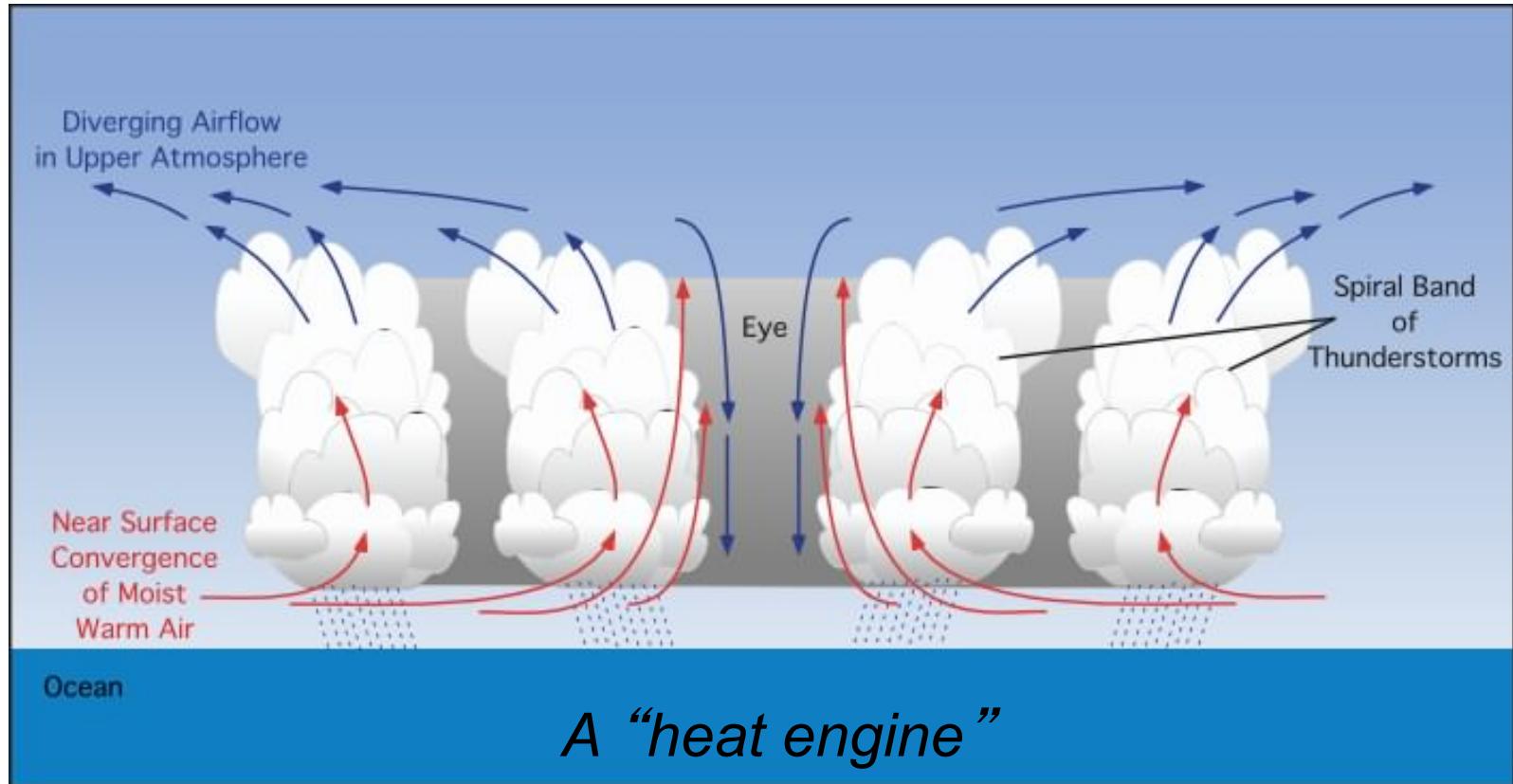
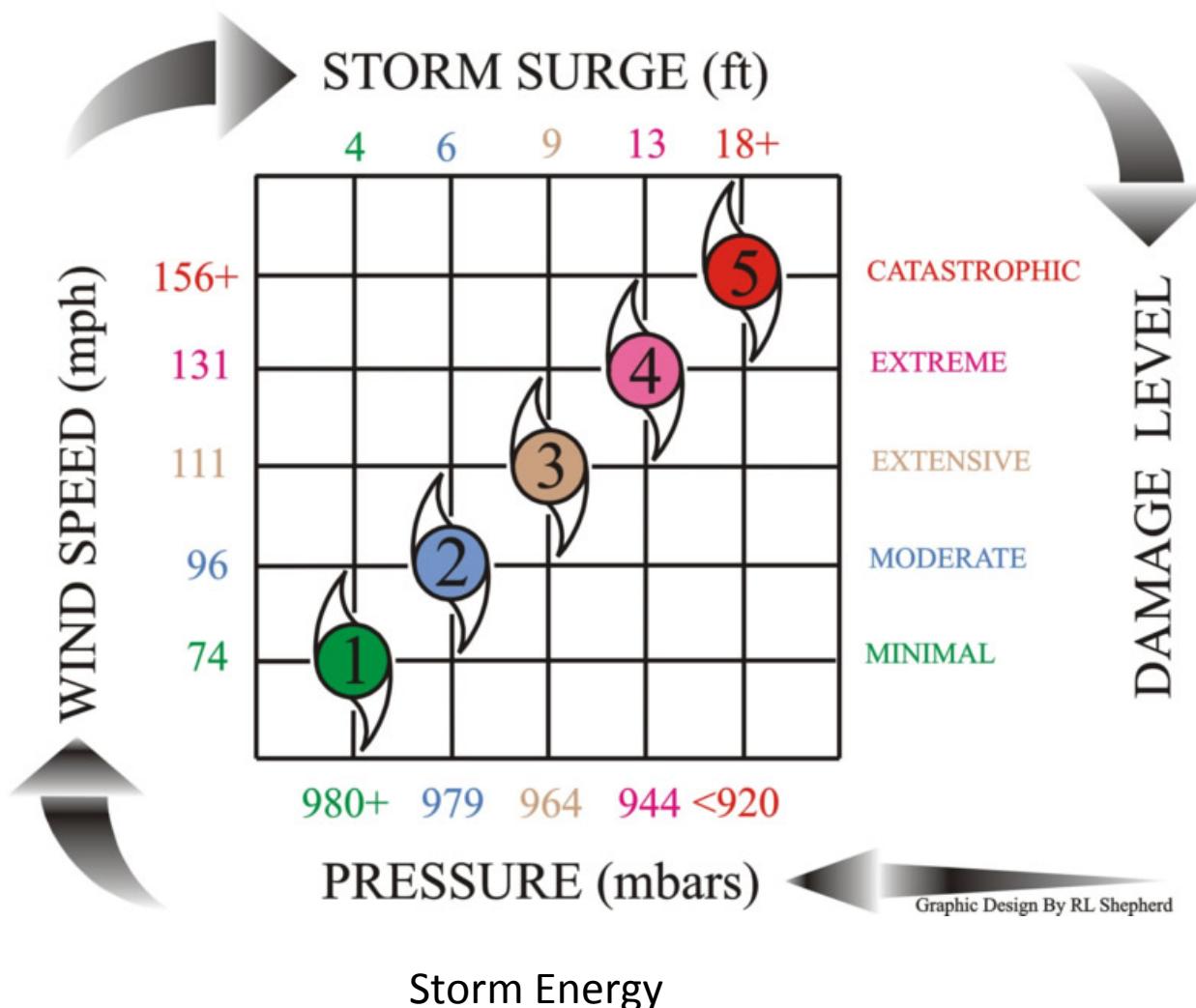


Image: Dr. Michael Pidwirny, University of British Columbia

Hurricane FAQ: <http://www.aoml.noaa.gov/hrd/tcfaq/tcfaqHED.html>

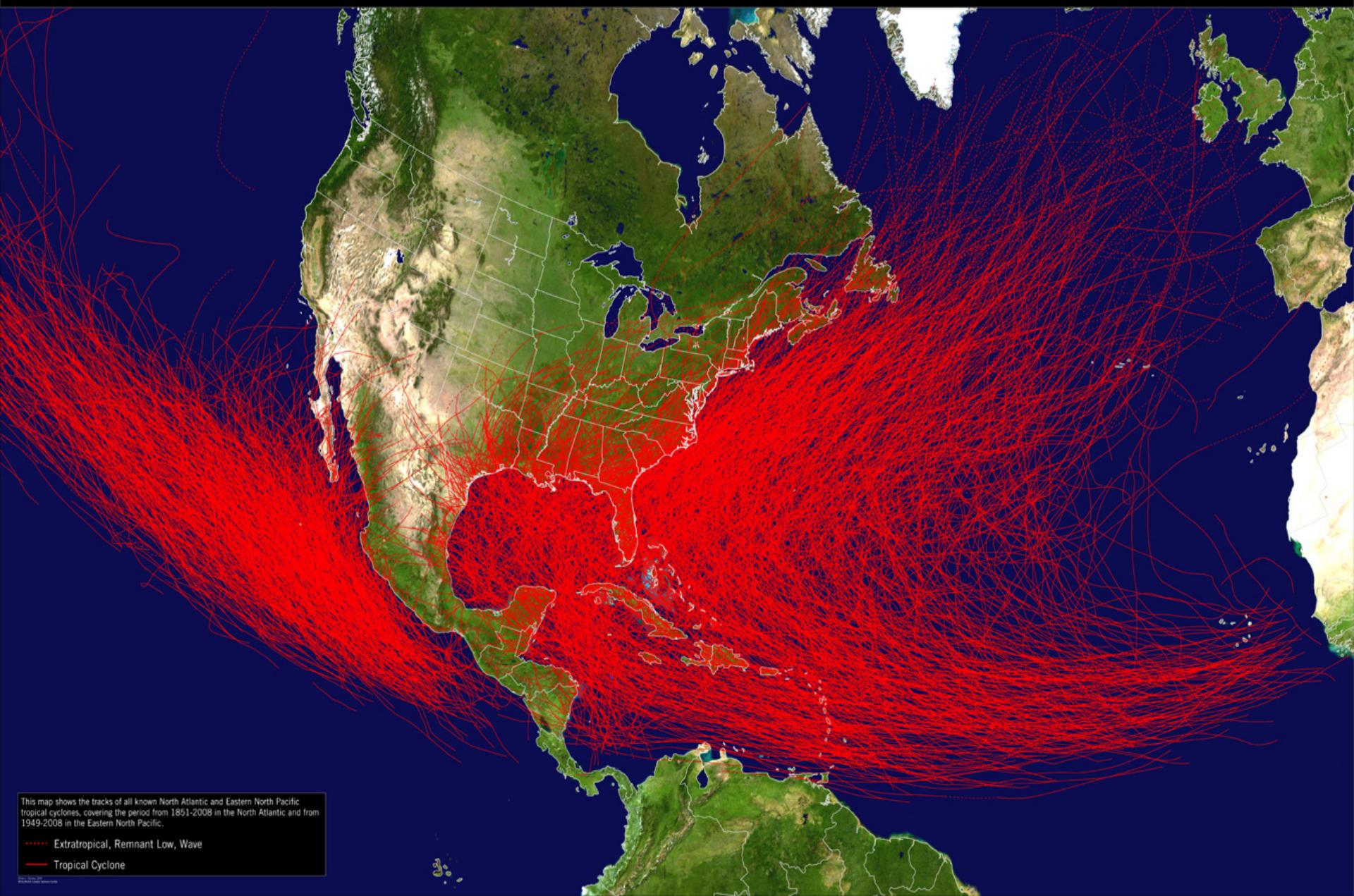
Understanding and attributing hurricane variability

SAFFIR-SIMPSON HURRICANE SCALE



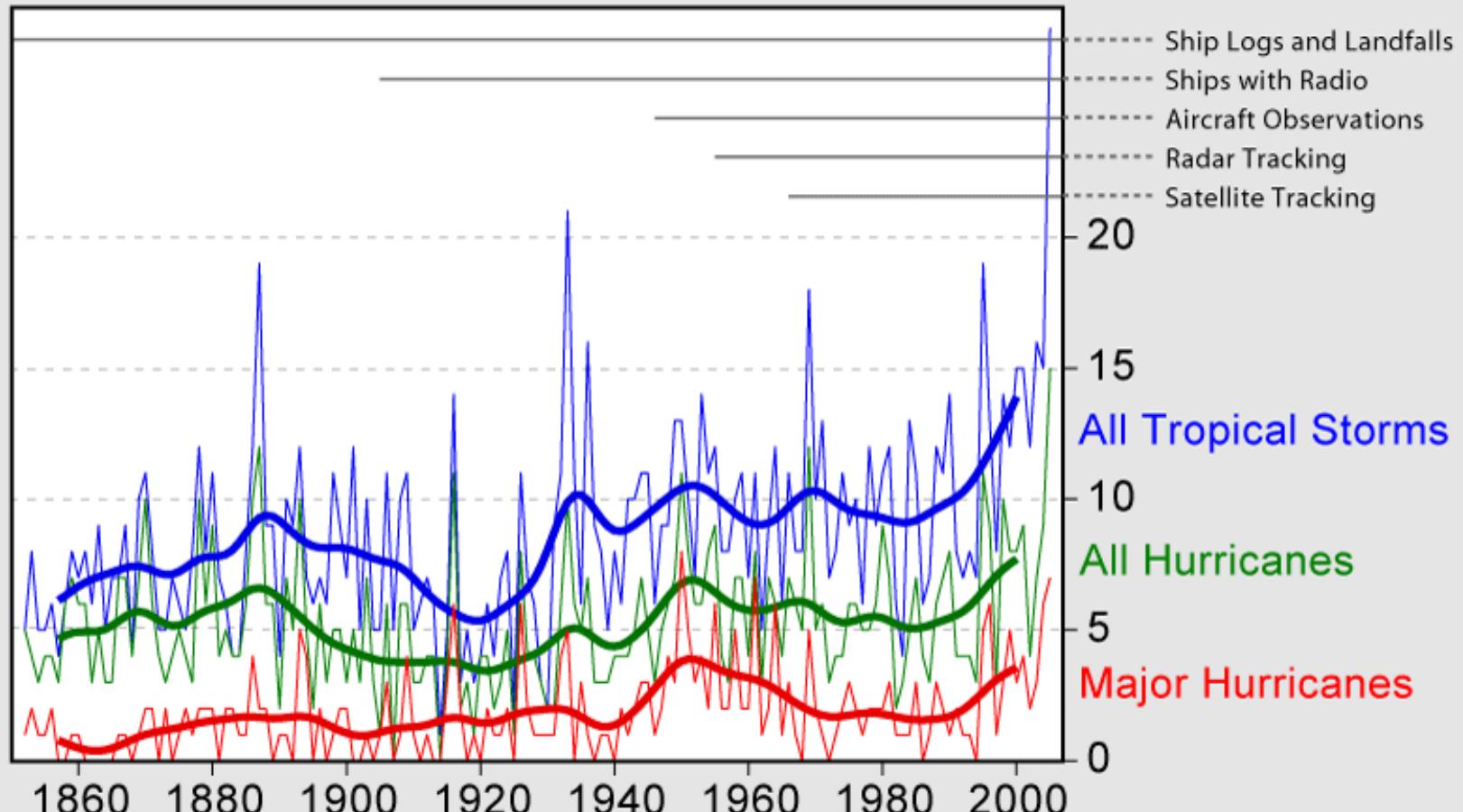
Tropical Cyclone History

Data from 1949 in the Pacific, from 1851 in the Atlantic

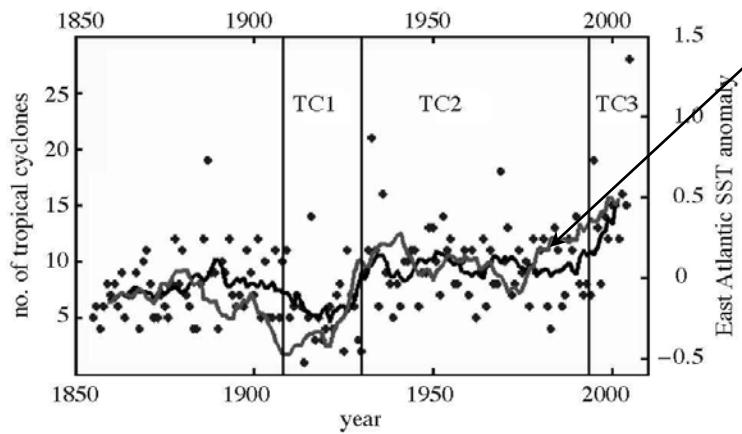
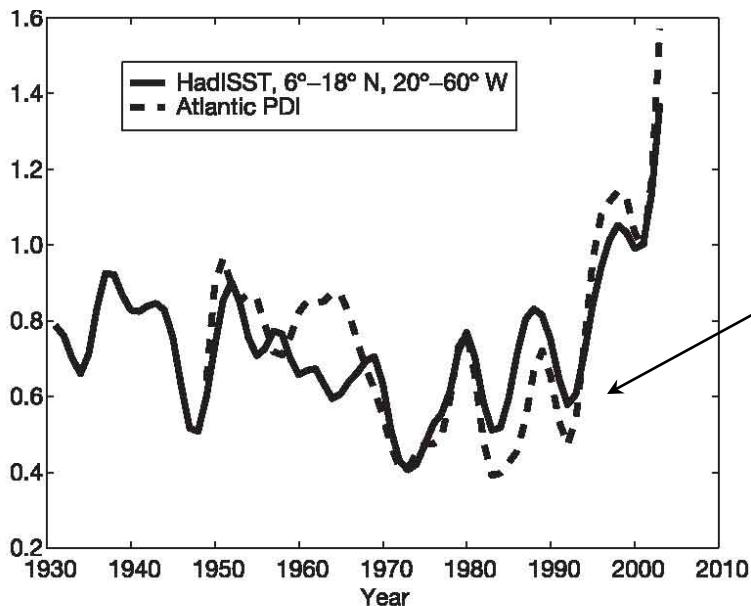


Atlantic Hurricane Database since 1851

North Atlantic Tropical Storms and Observing Techniques

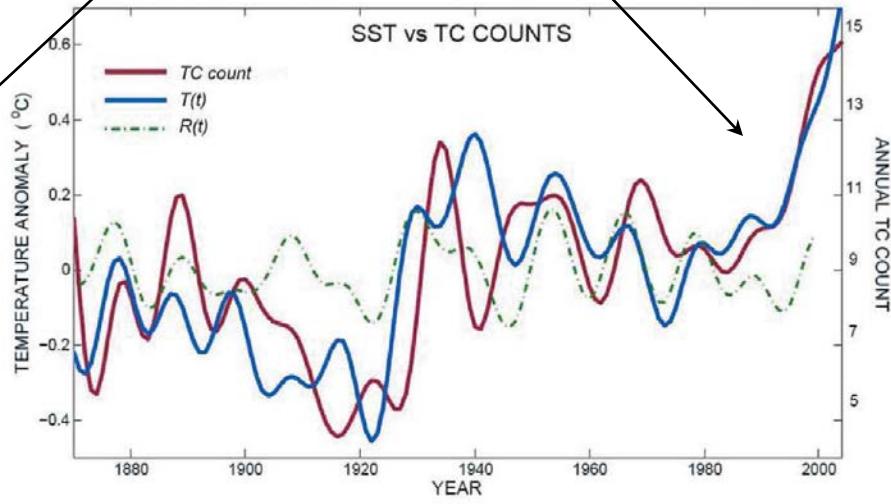


Is recent variability due to GCC.....



Increasing Intensity

Increasing Frequency



Return Period In Years For Category 3 Hurricanes

Table 7. Average number of tropical cyclones* which reached storm, hurricane and major hurricane status. Updated from Blake et al. (2005).

PERIOD	Number of Years	Average number of Tropical Storms	Average number of Hurricanes	Average number of Major Hurricanes
1851 - 2006	156	8.7	5.3	1.8
1944 [#] - 2006	63	10.6	6.1	2.7
1957 - 2006	50	10.7	6.0	2.4
1966 ^{\$} - 2006	41	11.1	6.2	2.3
1977 - 2006	30	11.4	6.3	2.5
1987 - 2006	20	12.6	6.8	2.9
1997 - 2006	10	14.5	7.8	3.6

*Includes subtropical storms after 1967

[#]Start of aircraft reconnaissance

^{\$}Start of geostationary satellite coverage

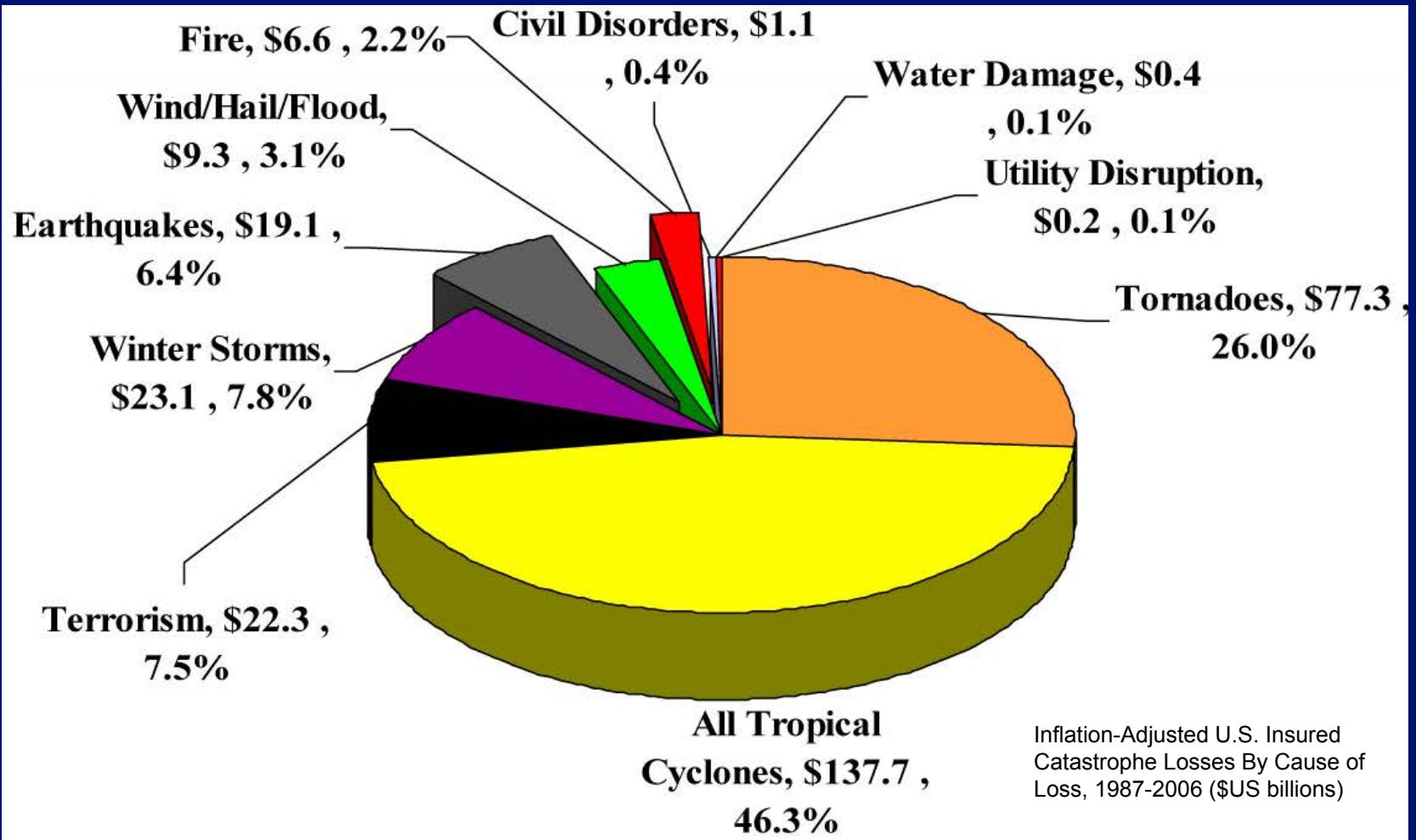


Landfall Return Periods: The frequency at which a certain category of hurricane is expected within 75 nm (86 miles) of a given location.

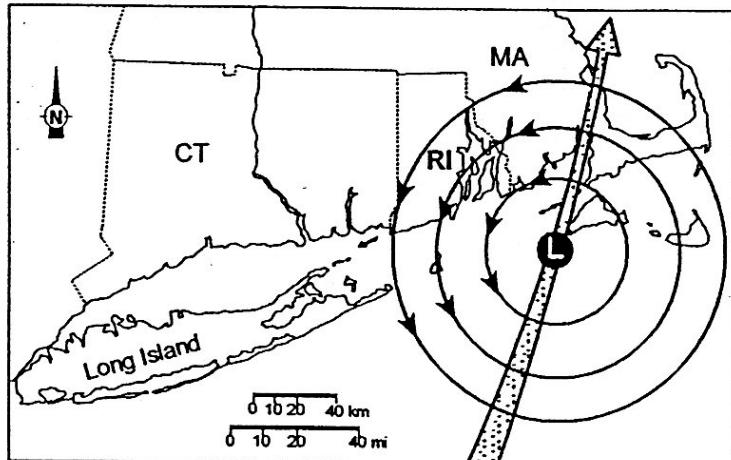
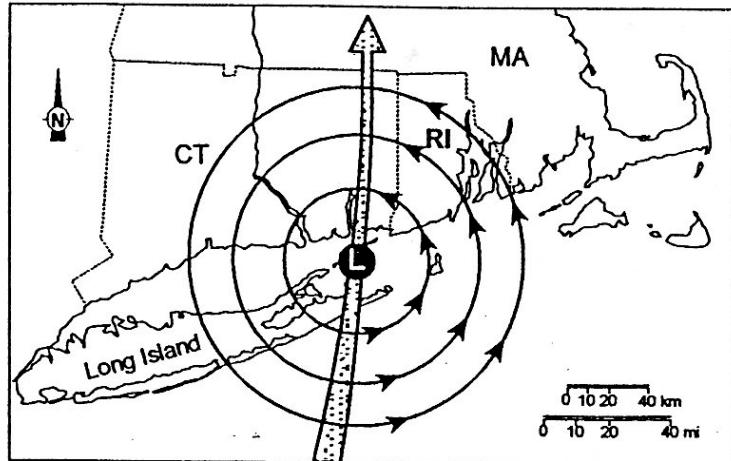


Source: National Hurricane Center

Assessment of Hurricane Risk



Impacts of Landfalling Storms



Wright & Sullivan, 1980

- Strong winds
- Coastal flooding
 - Large waves and swells
 - Storm surge
- Inland flooding
 - Heavy precipitation
 - Severe thunderstorms
- Tornados

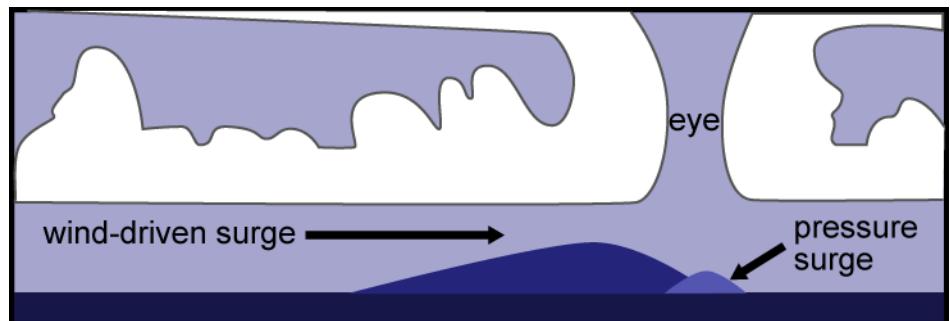
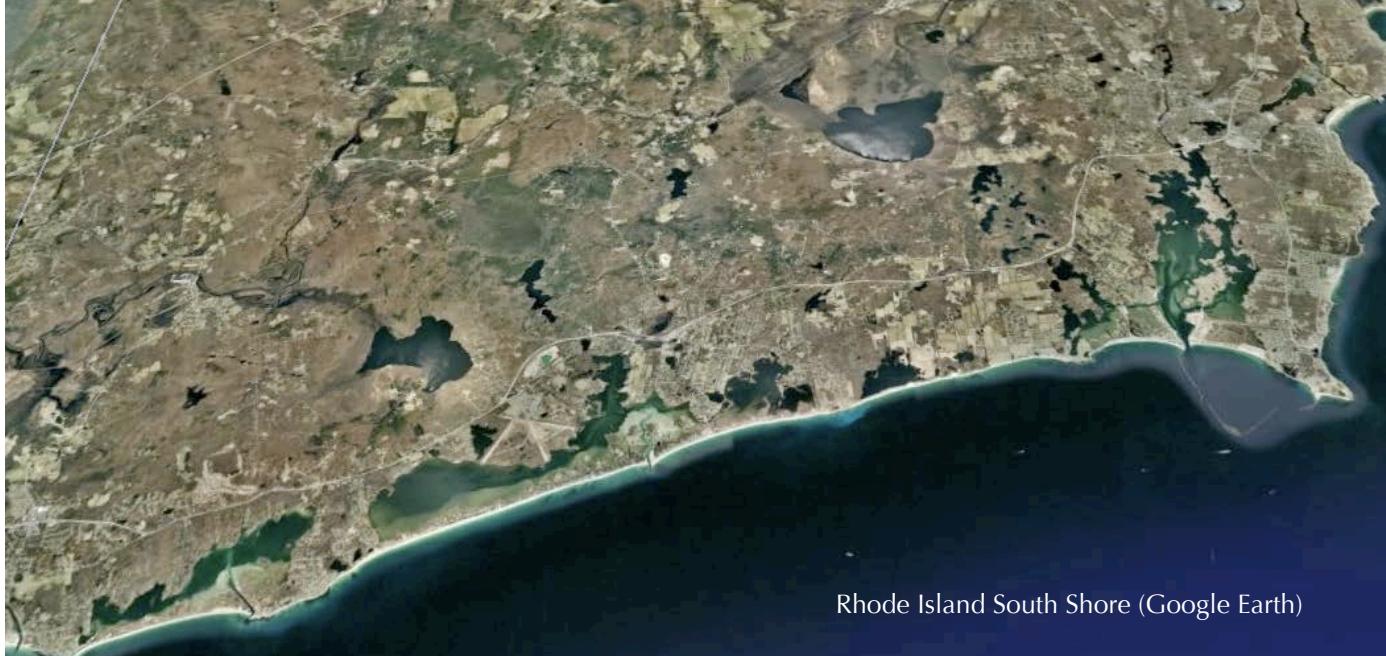
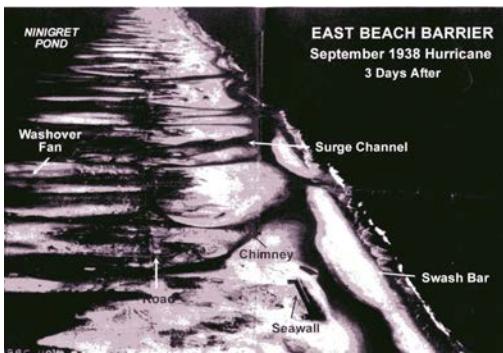


Image: NASA Earth Observatory

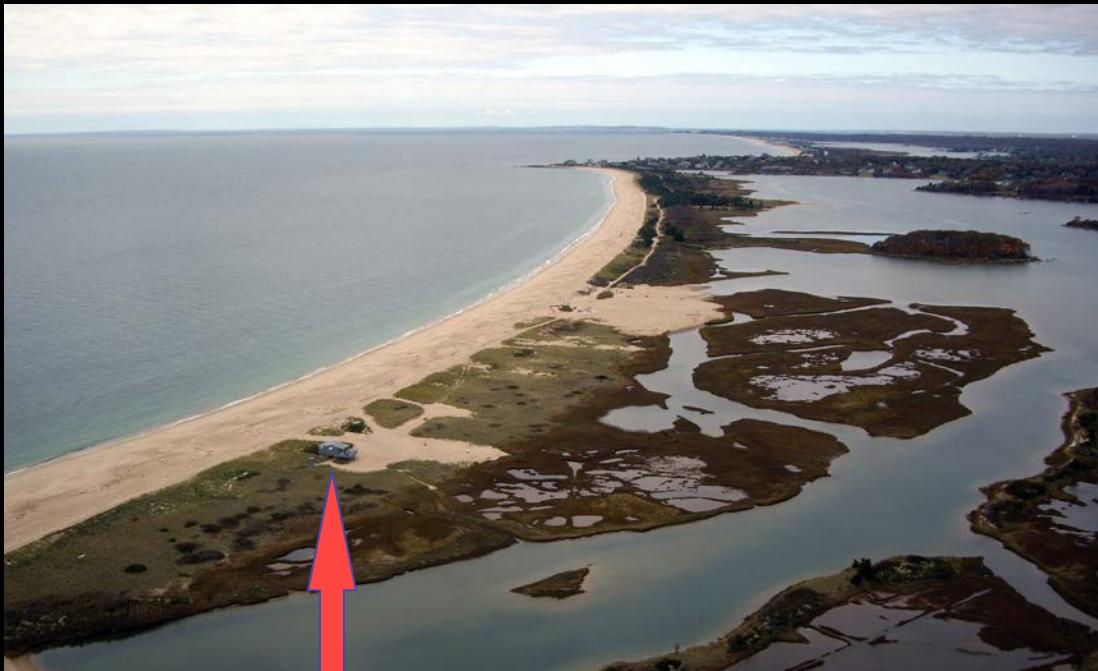
Records of coastal flooding



Overwash of barrier beaches



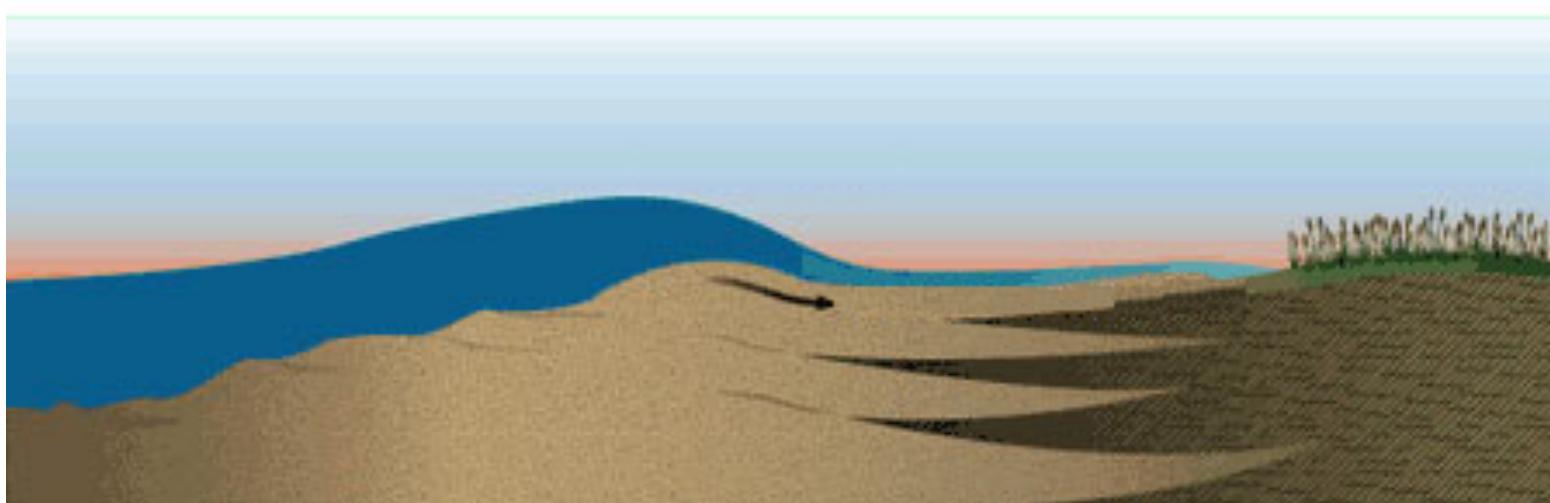
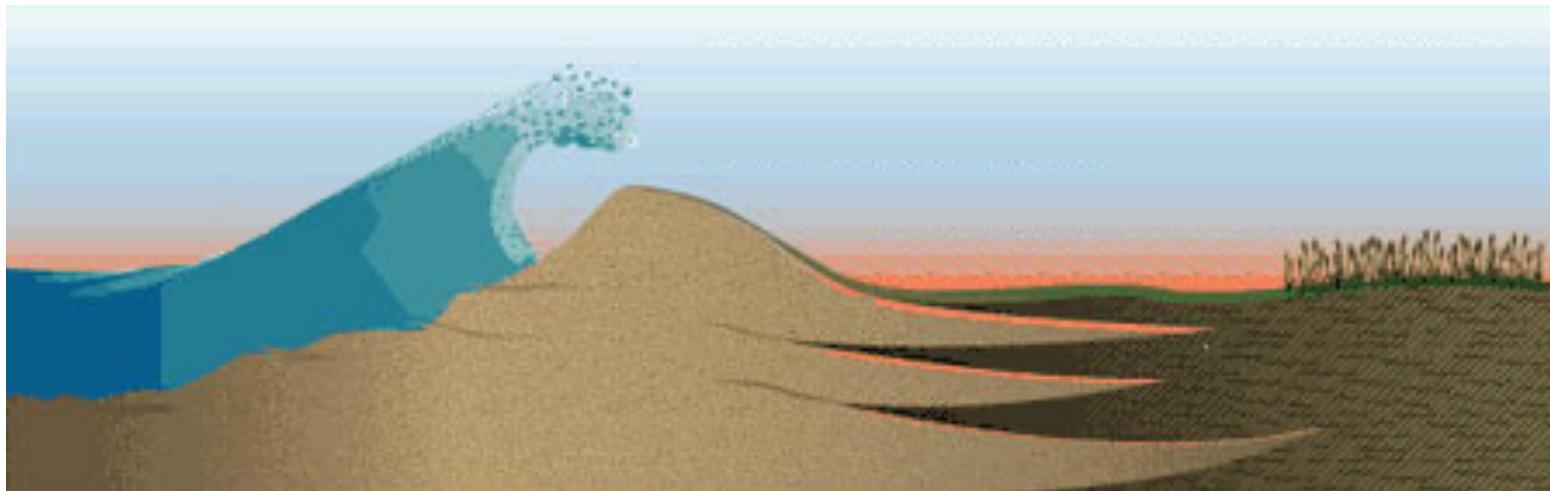
Before



After

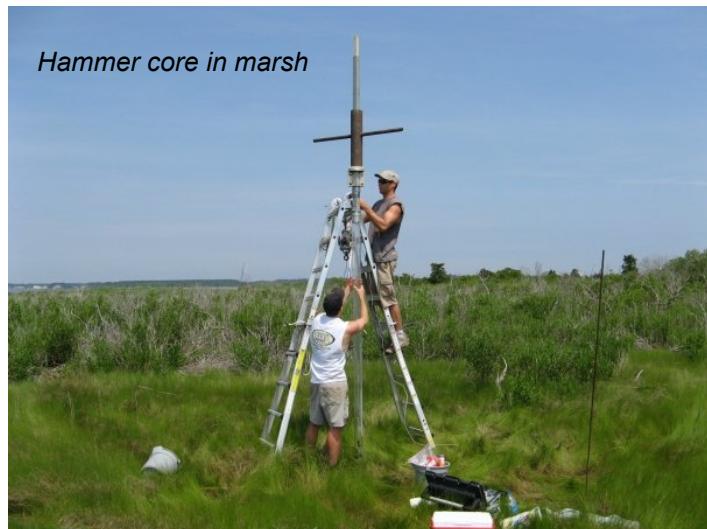


Overwash of barrier beaches

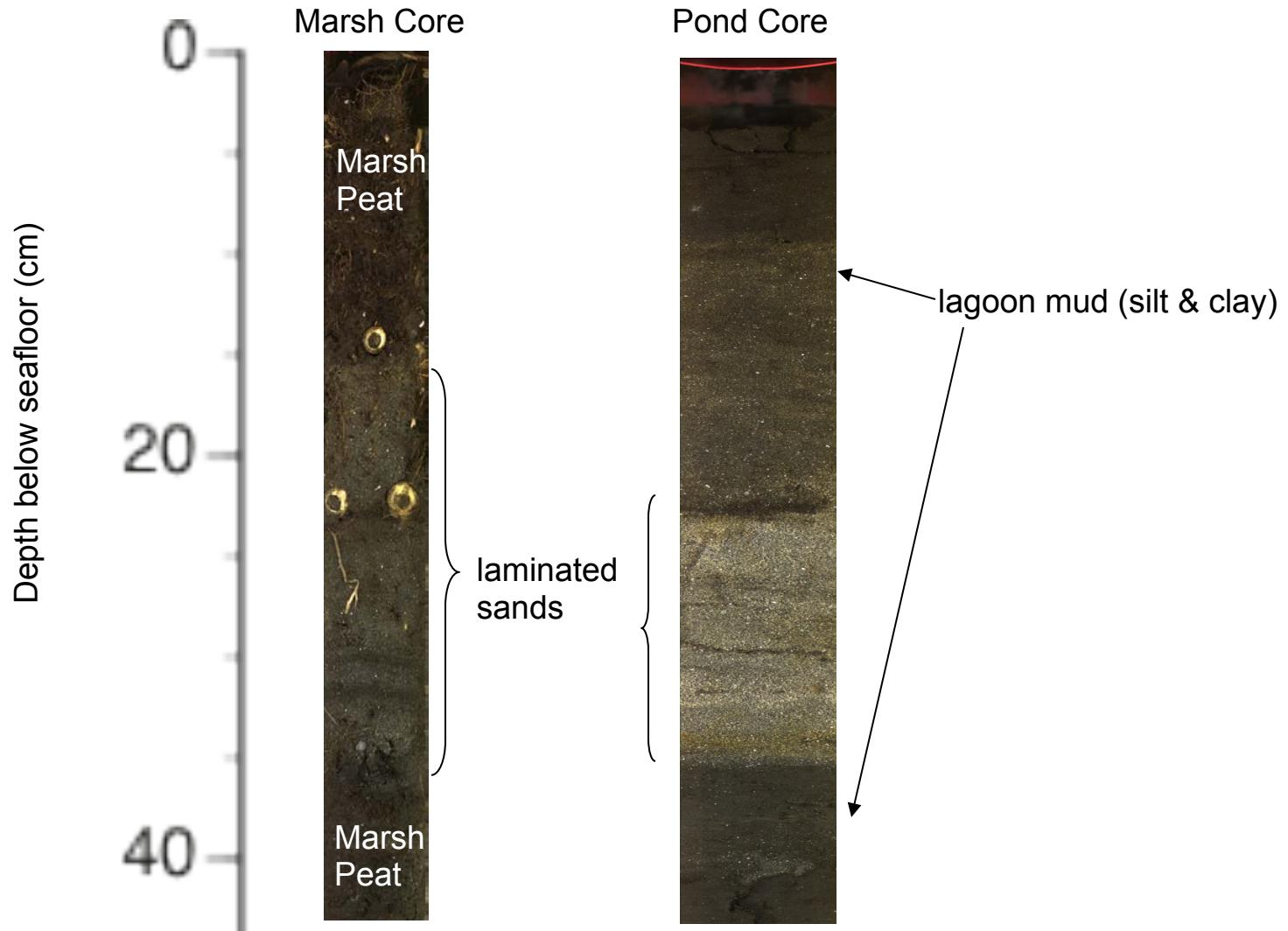


LSU Paleotempestology Group

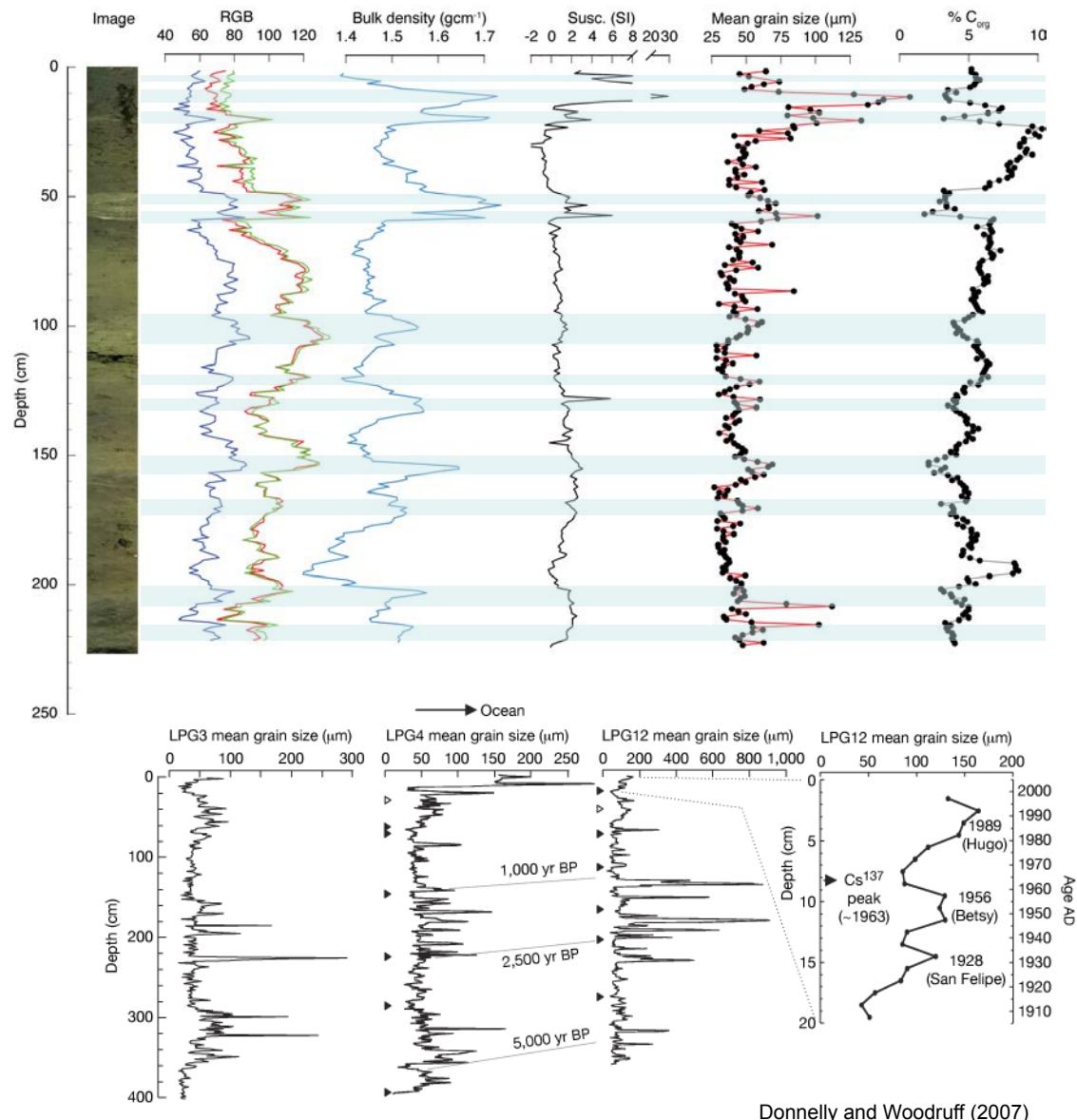
Shallow Water Coring



Identification of storm deposits

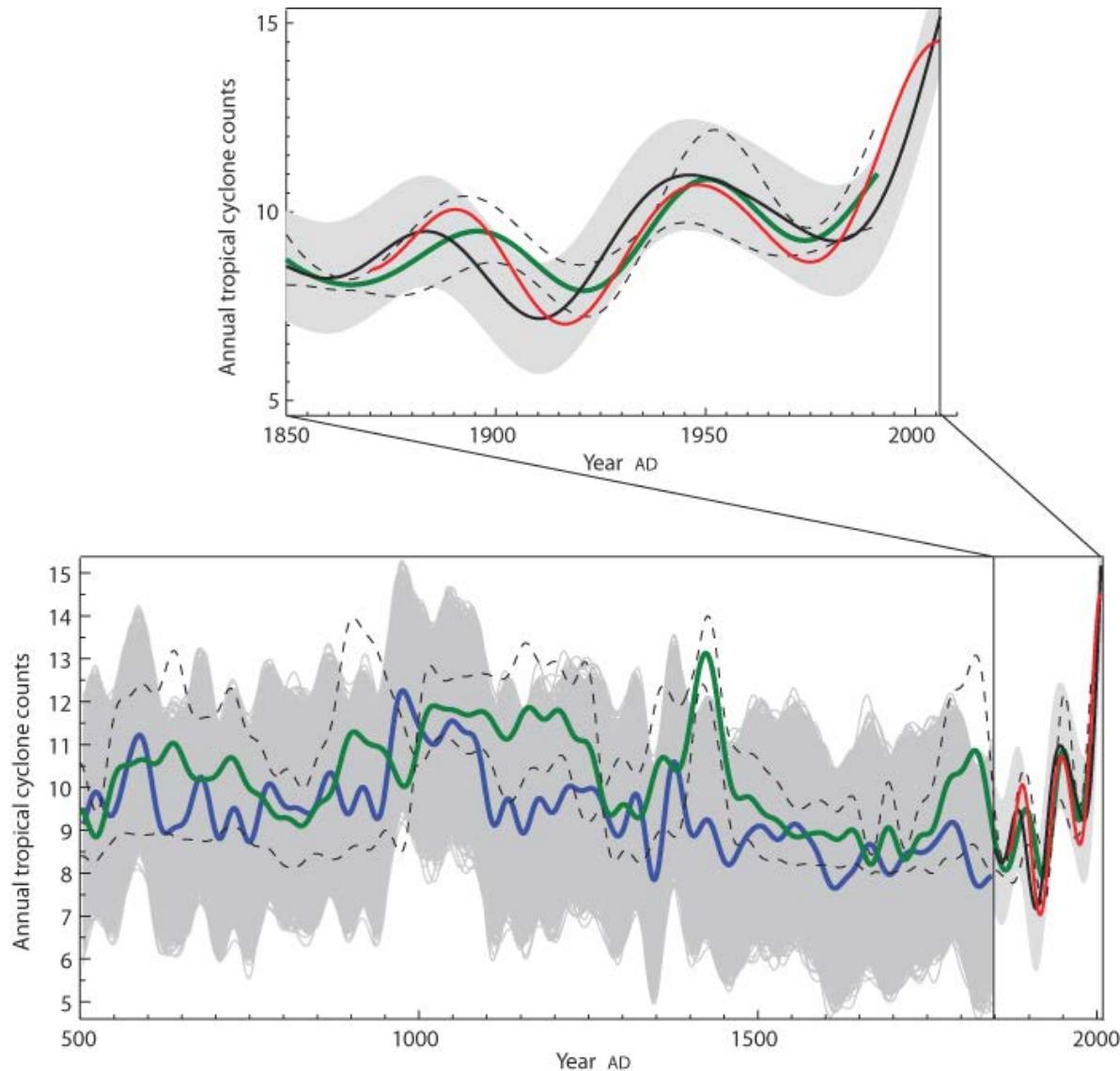


Sedimentary record of hurricane strikes



1. Overwash layers identified physical properties (density, color) grain size organic carbon content microfossils
2. Layers correlated between cores
3. Sediments are dated radiocarbon 210Pb, 137Cs
4. Record compared to period of instrumental and historical overlap

Atlantic hurricanes and climate over the past 1,500 years



Achieved Storm Intensity Under Idealized Conditions

